

Beneficiary Designation

Please print in blue or black ink.

Instead of using this form, you can designate your beneficiary online (by logging in to My Account on www.ipers.org) if you are unmarried, or if you are married and designate your spouse as your sole primary beneficiary.

Section 1: Member Information					
Social Security number:	Date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy):		Male 🗌 Female 🗌		
First name:	MI: Last name:				
Mailing address:	City: _				
State: Zip: Work pho	ne: Cell	phone:			
E-mail address (home):	Married	Single Div	orced Widowed		
Section 2: Beneficiary Designation – Do not erase or change this section. All information is required for each beneficiary. Any benefits payable by IPERS at my death will be paid EQUALLY to the following primary beneficiary(ies) who survive me.					
Beneficiary	Relationshi	ip Sex	Date of Birth		
PRIMARY Name	to You	(M/F)	(mm/dd/yyyy)		
If ALL the primary beneficiaries die before the following secondary beneficiary(ies) where the following secondary beneficiary where the following secondary beneficiaries die before the following secondary beneficiaries die before the following secondary beneficiaries die before the following secondary beneficiary where the following secondary wh		•	Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)		
SECONDARY					
Section 3: Member's Signature					
Signature of member: Date: Signature of witness (Beneficiary may not act as witness.):					
Section 4: Spouse's Signature					
Spouse's signature is required if you are ma If your spouse cannot be located, please of IPERS member, I hereby consent to this ben	contact IPERS for further instructi				
Signature of member's spouse:		Date:			
Signature of witness (Beneficiary may not act as w	vitness.):				

Beneficiary Designation

Read all instructions carefully. Forms not properly completed will not be accepted by IPERS.

Instead of using this form, you can designate your beneficiary online, by logging in to My Account on www.ipers.org. Online designations are accepted if you are single, or if you are married and designate your spouse as your sole primary beneficiary.

Equal shares. If you name two or more people as beneficiaries at one level (primary or secondary), IPERS will pay the same amount to those beneficiaries at your death.

Who is eligible to be a beneficiary. Any person (related to you or not), church, charity, or estate may be designated as a primary or secondary beneficiary. If you designate your estate as beneficiary, your benefits will be paid according to your testamentary will or according to state laws for intestate distribution. You may *not* designate a commercial entity, such as a funeral home, as your beneficiary.

Naming beneficiaries (primary and secondary). If you need more space to name your beneficiaries, complete and submit extra *Enrollment/Beneficiary Designation* forms and clearly mark them as *page 1 of 2*, etc. You, your spouse (if applicable), and a disinterested witness must sign and date each page. You are not required to designate secondary beneficiaries.

Naming an estate as beneficiary. You may name your estate as either primary or secondary beneficiary by writing *My estate* under Beneficiary Name. If you name your estate as a primary beneficiary, you cannot name a secondary beneficiary.

Example: Estate as beneficiary

Beneficiary	Relationship	Sex	Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)
Name	to You	(M/F)	
My estate			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Naming a trust or trustee as beneficiary. You may name a living trust or a testamentary trust as a primary or secondary beneficiary. For a **living trust**, you must include: 1) the specific name of the trust, 2) the date the trust was created, 3) the name of the trustee followed by the word *trustee*, and 4) the trustee's address. We recommend you include a successor trustee in your designation of a living trust. At your death, the successor trustee will be contacted about the death benefits payable.

For a **testamentary trust**, you must include: 1) the specific name of the trust followed by the words *created under my last will and testament*, 2) the name of the trustee followed by the word *trustee*, and 3) the trustee's address.

Example: Living trust as beneficiary

Beneficiary	Relationship	Sex	Date of Birth
Name	to You	(M/F)	(mm/dd/yyyy)
The living trust of Jane	. Smith 01/01/20	00	
Jane J. Smith, trustee, 12	3 Main St., Any	town, WI	3001
Albert J. Doe, successor	trustee, 123 Maii	ı St., Anyt	own, WI 53001

Example: Testamentary trust as beneficiary

Beneficiary	Relationship	Sex	Date of Birth
Name	to You	(M/F)	(mm/dd/yyyy)
John L. Doe Trust, crea	ted under my la	st will and	
testament. Sue J. Smith	U		town, WI 53001

Naming a charity as beneficiary.

Beneficiary	Relationship	Sex	Date of Birth
Name	to You	(M/F)	(mm/dd/yyyy)
Juvenile Diabetes Resear	ch Foundation		
5444 NW 96th St.			
Des Moines, IA 50000			

Remember when completing this form

Once your completed *Beneficiary Designation* form is received and approved by IPERS, it remains in effect until you file a new form or until no further benefits are payable.

No beneficiary on file. If you die and have not designated a beneficiary, your estate may become your beneficiary.

Changing your designation. You may change your beneficiary designation at any time before you begin receiving IPERS benefits by completing and filing a new form. New beneficiary forms filed will cancel all previous designations. Therefore, if you want to *add* or *delete* a beneficiary, for example a new child, you must include on the new form all beneficiaries you wish to designate.

Retired reemployed members. This designation will also change your retirement beneficiary, unless you retired under Option 4 or 6 (Joint and Survivor Annuity), for which certain exceptions apply.

IPERS QDRO on file. If you have an IPERS QDRO that names beneficiary(ies) for pre- or post-retirement death benefits, the QDRO beneficiary(ies) will receive the ordered share of death benefits, first. Any remainder *may* be payable to additional primary or secondary beneficiaries designated on this form.

Other legal orders. Other court orders or assignments of record (for example: tax levy, child support, etc.) may also affect payments to your other named beneficiaries.